Having a Flexible Sigmoidoscopy

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For patients taking insulin and / or other diabetes medications

You will be expected to have a low residue breakfast and lunch the day prior to the procedure. You will be allowed clear fluids from this point onwards until procedure.

If you are also having a gastroscopy (OGD), you must not have anything to eat or drink for six hours before your procedure, but you can still take Lucozade or sugary flavoured water for hypoglycaemic episodes.

This leaflet contains the information you will need to be able to safely manage your diabetes on the day prior to the procedure and the day of the procedure.

If you are on an Insulin pump please contact the Endoscopy unit on 01493 452370 or your Diabetes Nurse prior to your procedure.

What to do with your insulin for your procedure

If you are on insulin please see the following chart. The changes you need to make on the day before, the day of and after the procedure. These depend on the insulin you are taking. Please be sure to follow the instructions for your insulin below.

Name of insulin	Day prior to	Morning of	Afternoon of Procedure	
	procedure	procedure		
Mixed/ Biphasic Insulin				
Humalog Mix 25 or Mix 50	Take normal	Take 25% of normal	Take normal evening	
Humulin M3	insulin dose with	insulin dose in the	dose.	
Humulin R500	breakfast.	morning.		
Hypurin Porcine 30/70 Mix				
Novomix 30	Take 50% evening			
	dose.			
Intermediate or Long-acting/ Basal Insulin				
Abasaglar	Taken in the morning			
Humulin I	Take 75% normal	Take 25% normal	Next basal insulin to be	
Hypurin Porcine Isophane	insulin dose.	insulin dose.	given as normal next day.	
Insulatard	Taken in the evening			
Lantus	Take 75% normal	No change.	Take normal dose.	
Levemir	insulin dose.	-		
Semglee	Taken twice daily			
Toujeo	Take 75% usual	Take 25% normal	Normal dose in evening.	
Tresiba	insulin dose.	insulin dose.	Ŭ	
Basal bolus regimen – For basal adjustment see above				
Actrapid	Take normal	Omit until next meal.	Normal dose with next	
Admelog	insulin with		meal.	
Apidra	meals(breakfast			
Fiasp	and lunch).			
Humalog				
Humulin S	Omit evening			
Hypurin Porcine Neutral	dose.			
Lyumjev Novorapid				
Trurapi				

What to do with your diabetes medications for your procedure				
If you are on other diabetes medications (as well as insulin or instead of insulin) see the chart below.				
Name of medication	Morning of procedure	After procedure		
Acarbose	Take normal breakfast and lunchtime doses.	Omit all doses prior to procedure.		
	Omit evening dose.			
Repaglinide				
Nateglinide	T 1 1 1 6 6 1			
Gliclazide	Take normal breakfast dose	Omit breakfast dose.		
Glibenclamide	Omit evening dose.			
Glipizide				
Glimepiride	Omit for A dove prior to			
Dapagliflozin	Omit for 4 days prior to	Omit on day of procedure.		
Empagliflozin Cannagliflozin	procedure.			
Sotagliflozin				
Metformin				
(Glucophage/				
Sukkarto/ Yaltormin)				
Pioglitazone	-			
Alogliptin	No change.	No change (if having an OGD and on		
Linagliptin	3	Rybelsus please omit dose).		
Sitagliptin		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Saxagliptin,				
Vildagliptin				
Exenatide				
Liraglutide				
Dulaglutide				
Semaglutide				
Tirzepatide				

Monitoring blood glucose levels

If you have a blood glucose meter we advise testing every two hours whilst fasting.

If you usually correct high glucose level using rapid acting insulin you can give a small correction dose if blood glucose levels are greater than 15mmol/L.

Recognising hypoglycaemia (or a "hypo")

Fasting can make you more likely to become hypoglycaemic. A "hypo" is when your blood glucose is less than 4mmol/L.

You may feel the following symptoms if you are having a hypo:

- Sweating heavily
- Feeling anxious
- Trembling and shaking
- Tingling of the lips
- Hunger
- Going pale
- Palpitations

- Slurring words
- Behaving oddly
- Being unusually aggressive or tearful
- Difficulty concentrating

How to treat a "hypo" prior to the procedure

If you recognise you are having a "hypo", you should treat it quickly using:

• Lucozade or sugary flavoured water.

If you use a blood glucose meter you should recheck your blood glucose 10-15 minutes following treatment. If levels remain less than 4mmol/L treat again with the above.

Important: Please inform a member of staff if you have had a hypo when you arrive for your procedure.

Your Feedback

We want your visit to be as comfortable as possible - talk to the person in charge if you have any concerns. If the ward/department staff are unable to resolve it, then ask for our Patient Advice and Liaison (PALS) information. Please be assured that raising a concern will not impact on your care.

Before leaving please complete a Friends and Family Test feedback card. Help us transform NHS services and to support patient choice.



TRAN TRAN an interpreter or person to sign to assist you in communicating effectively with staff during your stay. Please let us know.

For a large print version of this leaflet, contact PALS 01493 453240

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